# Zero Carbon Hokkaido Challenge

✓ Check the zero carbon initiatives listed below to take on the challenge



Reduce the use of paper Promote no-car commuting

☐ Introduce working from

home and 'workations

#### Clothing Housing Choose local and in-season ingredients ☐ Know your CO₂ emissions them last longer When moving house, choose a 'Hoppo-gata Jutaku 2020' Select shorter expiry dates when buying (Northern-style home) or ZEH (net zero energy house) Choose clothing that will last longer food to eat straight away Rent clothing or utilize a subscription Reduce food loss! Eat all the food on Make efforts to save electricity and water your plate, with no leftovers ☐ When replacing electrical appliances, Recycle clothing that can no longer Be mindful of how you buy and choose energy-saving devices ☐ Install solar panels Garbage Education Sport & health Carry a flask to reduce ☐ Think about the future Walk or use a bicycle for leisure or plastic waste of the environment when commuting or travelling to school Keep fit by walking when the Keep the oceans clean Learn as a family through Take part in litter-picking ☐ Tackle environmental issues Use the stairs whenever activities and keep the streets clean together with your family **Transportation** Forestry **Business** ☐ Try to use EVs Plant, nurture and enjoy trees ☐ Know your CO₂ emissions Use bicycles and public

Refresh yourself by strolling

☐ Incorporate wood into your lif

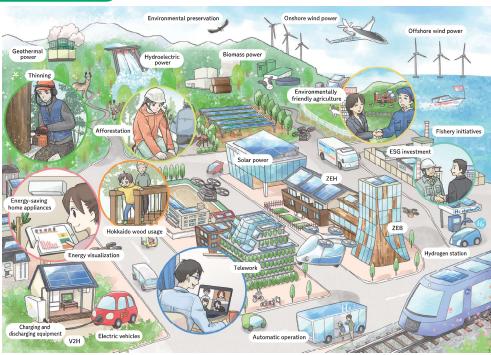
#### A bright future for Hokkaido

2050 Zero Carbon Hokkaido

Practice eco-driving techniques

☐ When replacing your car,

This is a conceptual diagram of Zero Carbon Hokkaido, a northern land where greenhouse gas emissions and absorption by forests are in perfect equilibrium by 2050, and where the environment, economy, and society continue to grow in harmony.







Hokkaido: Expanding Possibilities

# Zero Carbon Hokkaido

Hokkaido has vast land and abundant natural energy resources. Hokkaido possesses the greatest potential for the introduction of renewable energy sources in Japan.

Now is the time to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions!





## Hokkaido's Goals

Compared to 2013, we aim to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases such as CO2 by the following:

By 2030

**By 2050 Carbon Neutrality** 

In order to achieve these goals, we need to shift our lifestyles and business styles to those suitable for decarbonization.

## Hokkaido's Current Situation

Understanding the impact of climate change on Hokkaido is the first step toward zero carbon.

■Percentage of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions that households account for ■Annual average temperature in Hokkaido \*Past changes in Hokkaido's climate (from the website of the Sapporo Regional Headquarters, Japan Meteorological Agency)

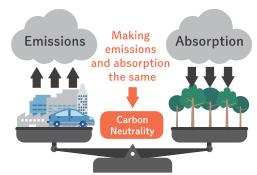
Hokkaido Nationwide Nationwide

## What is Zero Carbon Hokkaido?

In March 2020, Hokkaido declared its goal of achieving carbon neutrality greenhouse gas emissions by 2050, ahead of the rest of Japan.

Hokkaido will achieve Zero Carbon Hokkaido in which the environment, economy, and society continue to grow in harmony.

Zero carbon is defined as the amount of greenhouse gases emitted by human activities equaling the amount absorbed by forests, etc., resulting in carbon neutrality.



The Future with Zero Carbon Hokkaido

**Decarbonization** 

Economic revitalization Sustainable community development

Simultaneous development

# Unleashing the hidden power of Hokkaido!

Hokkaido has the greatest potential for creating renewable energy in Japan.











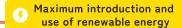




5 areas in Hokkaido have been selected by the government as Decarbonization Leading Areas (Ishikari City, Kamishihoro Town, Shikaoi Town, Sapporo City, and Okushiri Town), the most in Japan (as of November 1, 2022).

Efforts to use local resources such as local timber, rice husks, and hot spring heat are also underway in Hokkaido

"Wind power solar power small and medium-sized bydroelectric power and genthermal power are from the Benevable Energy Potential System (REPOS). March 2022 Revised Version (Ministry of the Environment) Biomass industrial municipalities are as of January 12, 2023 (Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries) "Forest area is from the Statistical Abstract of Forest and Forestry 2022 (Forestry Agency).







With the development of submarine power transmission cables renewable energy will expand significantly. Boosting offshore wind

Utilizing Hokkaido's strengths and renewable energy to attract data centers as well as digital and decarbonization related companies. Development of

digital infrastructure such as submarine communication cables

Utilizing local resources locally, making the community more resilient to disasters, and revitalizing the local economy through local production and consumption of energy

Highly insulated and airtight northern-style housing, next-generation automobiles, the 3Rs and other shifts to a decarbonized lifestyle







Forestation and use

of Hokkaido timber.



power

promotion

Creating local **♦**employment

comfortable living with peace of mind

Increasing the appeal of **local forests** 

We can improve the lives of everyone in Hokkaido by promoting zero carbon emissions.

## Practice Zero Carbon at home today



Use the eco-friendly mode and don't overload Refrigerator

• Use a moderate temperature setting and make use of the eco-friendly mode. • Remove items that can be stored at room temperature. "Be aware of food spoilage

Energy savings of 43.84 kWh of electricity Comparison of refrigerators full of food and half full • One minute of showering uses 12 liters of water. If a family of four

showers for four minutes each, it is almost the same as one full bathtub.

Water heater Don't needlessly leave the shower running.

Annual electricity bill Save

Energy savings of 12.78 m<sup>3</sup> of gas Reduction of 28.7 kg of CO2 When the time to run 45°C hot water

\*Created based on the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry website (https://www.enecho.meti.go.jp/category/saving\_and\_new/saving/) Energy Saving Portal Site